WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of performing a read operation from a magnetic random access memory (MRAM) cell in a memory cell string comprising:

applying a first current through the memory cell string, the first current comprising a constant current;

measuring a first voltage across the memory cell string;

applying a second current across the MRAM cell, the second current comprising a write sense current;

measuring a second voltage across the memory cell string; and determining whether the first voltage differs from the second voltage.

2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

determining that the MRAM cell is in a first state in response to the first voltage differing from the second voltage.

3. The method of claim 2 further comprising:

reading out a logic level associated with the first state in response to the first voltage differing from the second voltage.

4. The method of claim 2 further comprising:

determining that the MRAM cell is in a second state in response to the first voltage not differing from the second voltage.

5. The method of claim 4 further comprising:

reading out a logic level associated with the second state in response to the first voltage not differing from the second voltage.

6. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

applying the second current across the MRAM cell to set a reference layer of the memory cell to a known state.

7. A data storage device comprising:

a memory cell string that includes a first memory cell and a second memory cell coupled in series;

a current source configured to apply a first current through the string, the first current-comprising a constant current; and

a circuit coupled to the memory cell string, the circuit configured to detect a change in a voltage across the memory cell string in response to the current source applying the constant current through the memory cell string and a second current being applied across the first memory cell, the second current comprising a write sense current.

- 8. The data storage device of claim 7 wherein the memory cell string has a first end and a second end, and wherein the current source is coupled to the first end.
- 9. The data storage device of claim 8 further comprising:a ground source coupled to the second end of the memory cell string.
- 10. The data storage device of claim 7 wherein the circuit is configured to detect that the first memory cell was in a first state in response to detecting a change in the voltage across the memory cell string.
- 11. The data storage device of claim 10 wherein the circuit is configured to detect that the first memory cell was in a second state in response to not detecting a change in the voltage across the memory cell string.
- 12. A method of performing a read operation from a magnetic random access memory (MRAM) cell in a memory cell string comprising:

applying a constant voltage across the memory cell string; measuring a first current through the memory cell string;

applying a second current across the MRAM cell, the second current comprising a write sense current;

measuring a third current through the memory cell string; and determining whether the first current differs from the third current.

13. The method of claim 12 further comprising:

determining that the MRAM cell was in a first state in response to the first current not differing from the third current.

14. The method of claim 13 further comprising:

reading out a logic level associated with the first state in response to the first current not differing from the third current.

15. The method of claim 13 further comprising:

determining that the MRAM cell was in a second state in response to the first current differing from the third current.

16. The method of claim 15 further comprising:

reading out a logic level associated with the second state in response to the first current differing from the second current.

17. The method of claim 12 further comprising:

applying the second current across the MRAM cell to set a reference layer of the memory cell to a known state.

18. A data storage device comprising:

a memory cell string that includes a first memory cell and a second memory cell coupled in parallel;

a voltage source configured to apply a constant voltage across the string; and

a means for detecting a change in a first current through the memory cell string in response to the voltage source applying the constant voltage across the memory cell string and a second current being applied across the first memory cell, the second current comprising a write sense current.

- 19. The data storage device of claim 18 wherein the first and second memory cells each have a first end and a second end, and wherein the voltage source is coupled to the first end of each of the first and second memory cells.
- 20. The data storage device of claim 19 further comprising: a ground source coupled to the second end of each of the first and second memory cells.
- 21. The data storage device of claim 18 wherein the means is for detecting that the first memory cell was in a first state in response to detecting a change in the first current through the memory cell string.
- 22. The data storage device of claim 21 wherein the means is for detecting that the first memory cell was in a second state in response to not detecting a change in the first current through the memory cell string.